

Services for People with Mental Retardation (Intellectual Disabilities) and Developmental Disabilities in NYS

Are there services other than Special Education that my child with special needs may be eligible for?

Some children with exceptional needs may be eligible to receive services through the NYS Office of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities (OMRDD).

What is OMRDD?

The New York State Office of Mental Retardation and Developmental Disabilities coordinates and provides services for people with developmental disabilities and their families and conducts research into the causes and prevention of developmental disabilities. (See appendix for OMRDD Mission, Visions, Values and Guiding Principles.)

OMRDD provides access to services for people with mental retardation and developmental disabilities through a regional system dividing the state into sections that are overseen by Developmental Disabilities Services Offices called DDSOs.

What is a DDSO?

There are 13 DDSOs across the State, thereby enabling people to connect with services that are locally provided and/or certified. Contacting the DDSO is a person's first step toward receiving the services he/she may want and need. Funding options, availability of services, and coordination of services can all be discussed at the DDSO. (See appendix for a Directory of DDSOs.)

What kind of supports and services are available through OMRDD?

Some services provided through OMRDD include family support, case management, respite, housing, supported employment, recreation, skills development, training, long term habilitative services, nursing and psychiatric services, respite (short-term caregiver relief).

Who provides these services?

Services for eligible persons in NYS are provided through a network of public and non-profit service providers, all of whom work collaboratively to assure that high quality care is provided.

PARENT TIP: Contact your regional office of Parent to Parent of NYS or local DDSO (listed in Appendix) for assistance in locating service providers in your area.

How can I learn more about OMRDD?

For more information on OMRDD, visit their website at www.omr.state.ny.us or contact your local DDSO (see Appendix).

How to Access Services through OMRDD

How is eligibility for OMRDD services determined?

OMRDD uses Section 1.03(22) of the New York State Mental Hygiene Law as the legal basis for eligibility.

“Developmental Disability” means a disability of a person who is:

(A)

1. attributable to mental retardation, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, neurological impairment, familial dysautonomia, or autism; or
2. attributable to any other condition of a person found to be closely related to mental retardation because such condition results in similar impairment of general intellectual functioning or adaptive behavior to that of mentally retarded persons or requires treatment and services similar to those required for such persons; or
3. attributable to dyslexia resulting from a disability in (1) or (2).

And

(B)

Originates before the person attains the age of twenty-two; and

(C)

Has continued or can be expected to continue indefinitely; and

(D)

Constitutes a substantial handicap to such person’s ability to function normally in society.

Each of these requirements in section (A) is interchangeable; but, at least one of those three must occur in combination with the requirements of (B), (C), and (D).

What is mental retardation?

People with mental retardation show delays in learning, a slower pace of learning, and difficulty in applying learning. Over 250,000 people in New York are thought to have mental retardation.

Mental retardation can result from a variety of factors, among them premature birth, genetic abnormalities, malnutrition, exposure to toxic agents, central nervous system trauma and social deprivation.

What is cerebral palsy?

Cerebral palsy is a group of conditions that result in limited or abnormal functioning in the parts of the brain that control movement. Cerebral palsy usually is caused by brain injury before or during birth. However, brain damage or injury at any time in life can have the same effect. Often, people with cerebral palsy do not have mental retardation.

What is epilepsy?

Epilepsy applies to numerous nervous system disorders that result in abnormal electrical discharges of brain cells. This produces seizures that may cause convulsive movements, or partial or total loss of consciousness. Only a small percentage of people with epilepsy also have mental retardation.

What are neurological impairments?

Neurological impairments are a group of disabilities including disorders of the brain and central nervous system that considerably limit a person's development, understanding, memory, attention span, fine muscle control, use of language, or ability to adjust to new situations.

What is familial dysautonomia?

Familial dysautonomia is a genetic disease present at birth in male and female Jewish babies, primarily causing dysfunction of the autonomic and sensory nervous systems. Dysfunction is a result of an incomplete development of the neurons (nerve fibers) of these systems.

What is autism?

Autism is a developmental disorder that limits learning and slows intellectual development. People with autism have great difficulty relating and responding to persons, events or objects. People who have mild autism may demonstrate some

repetitive actions and a marked lack of sensitivity to other people. People who have more severe autism have difficulty listening to and communicating with others.

What is meant by a “Substantial Handicap to a Person’s Ability to Function Normally In Society?”

- A “substantial handicap to a person’s ability to function normally in society” exists when the person is prohibited from:
 - Engaging in substantial aspects of self-care or self-direction independently; and/or when the developments of self-care and self-direction skills are significantly below age level

How is a Substantial Handicap determined?

- Typically, by using a nationally normed, validated, comprehensive, individualized measure of adaptive behavior, which is administered by a Qualified Practitioner.
- A lower I.Q. does not automatically mean there is a substantial handicap.

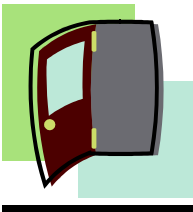
How is “substantial handicap” determined for children birth to seven years of age with developmental delay?

Consistent with Part 200.1(mm) (1) of the regulations of the NYS Department of Education, substantial handicap associated with delay can be documented by the results of an individual evaluation that indicates:

- A 12-month delay in one or more functional area(s); or
- A 33% delay in one functional area, or a 25% delay in each of two functional areas; **or**
- If appropriate standardized instruments are individually administered in the evaluation process, a score of 2.0 standard deviations below the mean in one functional area, or a score of 1.5 standard deviations below the mean in each of two functional areas.

For children ages birth to three years, clinicians may follow guidelines provided by the NYS Department of Health for the Early Intervention Program.

ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATION



The Eligibility Determination Process

How do I know if my child is eligible to receive services?

There is an Eligibility Determination Process that is used to determine if your child has a developmental disability and is eligible to receive OMRDD funded services.

NOTE: *A DETERMINATION OF DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITY DOES NOT MEAN YOUR CHILD IS ELIGIBLE FOR ALL SERVICES. SOME OMRDD SERVICES HAVE ADDITIONAL CRITERIA.*

How do I get started with the process?

An Intake Coordinator at your local DDSO or one of many non-profit providers approved by New York State will assist you and your child with the Eligibility Determination Process.

What happens once I provide the Intake Coordinator with all of the necessary documentation?

OMRDD, through its local Developmental Disabilities Services Offices (DDSOs), uses a Three Step Eligibility Process to determine eligibility.

What happens during a 1st Step Review?

DDSO staff reviews your child's eligibility request for completeness. After this review, you will receive a letter informing you that:

- (1) Your child is eligible.
- (2) Additional documentation is required. The letter will describe the type of information needed.
- (3) Information is being sent to clinicians who will conduct a 2nd Step Review

What happens during a 2nd Step Review?

DDSO clinicians review submitted documentation to determine eligibility. If additional information or documentation not already requested by 1st Step Review staff is required, you will be notified of the type of information needed and the date by which to contact the DDSO.

If your son or daughter is determined to have a developmental disability, a letter will be sent informing you of your child's eligibility for OMRDD services.

If the DDSO determines that, based upon the information provided, your child does not have a developmental disability and is not eligible for OMRDD services, you will receive a denial letter.

If my child is denied eligibility, can I appeal?

The denial letter following the 2nd Step Review will explain the following options:

- Meet with DDSO staff *
- Request a 3rd Step Review*
- Request a Medicaid Fair Hearing (if you are seeking Medicaid funded services)*

*** You may pursue one, two or all three of these options.**

What is the purpose of the face-to-face meeting with DDSO staff?

Meeting with DDSO staff will allow you to:

- address questions concerning basis of denial;
- present additional documentation, if any;
- explain what additional documentation may be helpful;
- discuss any misunderstandings

What happens during a 3rd Step Review?

Eligibility Determination Committees located in the New York City Regional Office (for NYC residents) or at the Upstate Regional Office in Albany (for all other New York residents) will review all available documentation and forward recommendations on eligibility to the DDSO Eligibility Coordinator who will inform you, in writing, of any change in the DDSO's determination.

How long does the Eligibility Determination Process take?

As a guideline, except in unusual circumstances where additional information is needed, OMRDD makes eligibility determinations within 90 days.

What kind of documentation is required to demonstrate eligibility?

The following information is needed, in most cases, to determine whether someone is eligible for OMRDD services:

- A medical or specialty report (for example, a neurological report) including health status and diagnostic findings to support a qualifying diagnosis other than mental retardation. For persons qualifying with mental retardation only, a recent, general medical report.
- A psychological report which includes assessment of intellectual functioning with reporting of intelligence scores (including subscale, part and full scale scores) and, for people with IQs above 60, standardized assessment may be based

on qualitative review via interview with care-providers, review of records and direct observations).

- A social history, psychosocial report, or other background report that shows that the person became disabled before age 22 years (background information is still needed if the person is a child or adolescent).

Where can I go to get the necessary documentation?

Documentation is typically available from schools (especially School Psychological Evaluations and Individualized Education Plans), Health Care Providers, Clinics, etc.

These documents can sometimes be obtained by visiting your child's primary care physician and a licensed psychologist (usually a school psychologist).

If you feel your documentation is not sufficient, speak to the Intake Coordinator at your local DDSO for assistance.

Which measures of intellectual functioning are acceptable?

- Kaufman Assessment Battery for Children.
- Leiter International Performance Scale.
- The Stanford-Binet Scales.
- The Wechsler series of Intelligence Scales.
- Other intelligence tests are acceptable if they are comprehensive, structured, standardized, and have up-to-date general population norms.

Which measures of adaptive behavior are acceptable?

- AAMR Adaptive Behavior Scale, School version **only** (for use with children).
- Adaptive Behavior Assessment System.
- Comprehensive Test of Adaptive Behavior.
- Scales of Independent Behavior.
- Vineland Adaptive Behavior Scales
- Other adaptive behavior measures are acceptable if they are comprehensive, structured, standardized, and have up-to-date general population norms.

What is Provisional Eligibility for Children from Birth – 7?

DDSOs may grant Provisional Eligibility, based on clinical judgment, when a young child presents with developmental delay and evidence of functional limitations, but without specification of a named or unnamed condition. Standard eligibility must be determined no later than your child's 8th birthday.

SUPPORT AND SERVICES
ADMINISTERED BY
NYS OFFICE OF MENTAL
RETARDATION AND
DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES



Supports and Services

Note: The Supports and Services identified are not an all inclusive list of services. The ones listed are the terms most families and people with disabilities will become acquainted with.

Medicaid Service Coordination (MSC)

What is MSC?

Medicaid Service Coordination is a Medicaid State Plan service provided by OMRDD which assist persons with developmental disabilities and mental retardation in gaining access to necessary services and supports appropriate to the needs of the individual. MSC is provided by qualified service coordinators and uses a person centered planning process in developing, implementing and maintaining an Individuals Service Plan (ISP) with and for a person with developmental disabilities or mental retardation. MSC promotes choice, individualized services and supports, and consumer satisfaction.

Who is eligible to receive MSC?

In order to receive MSC, a person must:

- Have a documented diagnosis of a developmental disability;
 - Be enrolled in Medicaid;
 - Demonstrate a need for ongoing and comprehensive, rather than incidental, service coordination;
 - Choose to receive MSC or have consent given on their behalf by an authorized individual;
 - Live outside of an Intermediate Care Facility (ICF), Developmental Center (DC), Psychiatric Hospital, Small Residential Unit (SRU), Nursing Facility or Hospital, or any other Medicaid funded setting that provides service coordination, and,
 - Not be enrolled in any other comprehensive Medicaid long-term service coordination program.
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- ***PARENT TIP: Need help understanding Medicaid Service Coordination?***
*Contact Parent to Parent of NYS coordinators in New York City at 800-405-8818 or in Schenectady at 800-305-8817 and ask to speak to someone about understanding Medicaid Service Coordination and download the booklet *Understanding Medicaid Service Coordination* at <http://www.parenttoparentnys.org/Services/MSC/mscbooklet.htm>*
 - ***PARENT TIP: “Helpful Hints for Choosing a Service Coordinator” brochure can be found on the OMRDD Website, www.omr.state.ny.us***

Waiver Services

What are New York State Medicaid Waiver Services?

- Waivers Services provide services and supports to children and adults with long-term needs and their families to enable them to remain at home and in the community.
- Waiver services are designed for people who, but for these services, would require the Level of Care provided in a long-term care facility.
- Waiver services allow Medicaid to pay for some services not provided through “regular” Medicaid, such as case management, respite and home adaptations.
- Under the HCBS Waivers, parental income and assets are not considered when determining the child’s eligibility for Medicaid. Only the child’s income and assets are counted.
- Although the Medicaid funding obtained only applies to the child, it can be used to defray the costs of caring for the child at home.
- Waiver services are funded by a mix of federal, state and county money.

What is the Care at Home Waiver for Children with Developmental Disabilities?

The goal of this program is to provide medical assistance to families with children living at home who have severe disabilities or medical conditions.

Who is eligible to receive the Care at Home Waiver?

To be eligible a child must be under 18 years of age; have a developmental disability; demonstrate complex health care needs; be eligible for the level of care provided by an intermediate care facility; not be hospitalized; and be eligible for Medicaid. Contact your local Developmental Disabilities Service Office (DDSO), Care at Home Waiver Coordinator. Website: www.omr.state.ny.us

What is the Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) Waiver?

The goal of this program is to enable persons with developmental disabilities to obtain the supports and services needed to reach his or her goals in life. A person’s independence and inclusion in the community are the primary concerns in designing this package of supports and services.

Who is eligible to receive the HCBS Waiver?

To be eligible a person must have a documented developmental disability; have needs comparable to a person residing in an Intermediate Care Facility; be enrolled in Medicaid*; and live with family, in a Family Care home, their own home, an Individual Residential Alternative (IRA) or a Community Residence.

*Children under the age of 18 who do not have Medicaid upon application for enrollment in the waiver will need to apply. The local Developmental Disabilities Service Office (DDSO) will provide guidance in how to apply. Website: www.omr.state.ny.us

What services are available under the HCBS waiver?

Residential Habilitation – A service that provides assistance to acquire, retain, or improve the skills needed to perform daily activities in the home. These activities might include housekeeping, personal care, meal preparation, communication, health care, and social engagements.

*Day Habilitation** – A service that provides assistance to acquire, retain, or improve the skills needed to perform daily activities away from the home. These activities might include purchasing goods and services, communicating with fellow employees, traveling, community meetings or gatherings, or running errands.

Supported Employment *– A service that provides competitive work in integrated settings for individuals for whom competitive employment has been interrupted or intermittent as a result of their disabilities, and need ongoing services to continue to work.

*Prevocational Services** – A service that prepares individuals for paid or unpaid employment. Services include teaching such concepts as attending, task completion, problem solving and safety. Activities included in this category are not primarily directed at teaching specific job skills, but are directed at underlying rehabilitative goals, such as increased attention span and improved motor skills.

Respite – A service that provides short term “substitute services” on behalf of a primary caregiver who is either a family member, a legal guardian, an advocate, or a Family Care Provider or live-in/house parent staff. It is a means of providing services when the person normally providing care is absent or in need of relief.

Adaptive Devices – Devices, aids, controls, appliances, or supplies of either a communication or adaptive type, which are necessary to enable the person to increase his or her ability to live at home with independence and safety. Some examples are personal emergency response systems, communicators, speech amplifiers, standing boards/frames, and motorized wheelchairs.

Environmental Modifications – Changes or additions to the home environment necessary to ensure the health, welfare, and safety of the individual with developmental disabilities; or to enable the individual to function with great independence in the home. Some examples are ramps, lifts, hand-railings, roll-in showers, water faucet controls, and cabinetry.

Plan of Care Support Services – This service will only be provided to people who are participating in the HCBS Waiver and who have chosen to withdraw from Medicaid Service Coordination. The major responsibilities for staff providing this service will be maintaining the person’s Individual Service Plan, assuring that an annual level of care eligibility determination is completed, and assuring that necessary safeguards have been taken to protect the health and welfare of the consumer.

Family Education and Training – This service may be provided to the families of consumers enrolled in the HCBS Waiver who are under 18 years of age. The purpose of family education and training is to enhance the decision making capacity of the family unit, provide orientation regarding the nature and impact of developmental disabilities upon the consumer and his or her family, and inform them about service alternatives.

CSS - Self-Determination Using Consolidated Supports and Services - Consolidated Supports and Services (CSS) enable an individual to design and direct their own services in accordance with a person centered plan and the principles of Self-Determination. CSS provides the mechanism for an individual to “purchase” the needed services and supports to live a fulfilling and safe life in the community. The individual, along with their support system (called a circle of support) have the responsibility and authority to manage a personalized budget with the assistance of a Fiscal Employer Agent.

*Through NYS OPTS (see p. 20), these services can be “blended” to allow for seamless transitions between chosen supports on a given day.

Residential Services

What is NYS-CARES ?

NYS-CARES is a multi-year plan to address the needs of people who are seeking out of home residential services. It operates in partnership with voluntary provider agencies to provide for the long-term needs of people who require out of home residential services. NYS-CARES enables OMRDD to provide needed supports and services when families say they need them.

- *PARENT TIP: Ask your service coordinator if your child’s name has been identified with NYS CARES.*

What kinds of residential services are available?

Residential settings are licensed by OMRDD to provide housing and related services, operated by either OMRDD or nonprofit agencies. These settings include supervised group living (a home with 24-hour staffing and supervision), semi-independent (or "supported") group living (a home with less-than-24-hour staffing and supervision), and other residential options (typically, homes for 15 or more people with 24-hour staffing and supervision). See also Family Care, and Housing/Individual Support Services. Some examples of residential opportunities are:

- *Individualized Residential Alternatives (IRA)* - Are certified homes for 1 – 14 persons which provide room, board and individualized protective oversight in the form of (1) a supervised IRA with staff onsite or proximately available at all times or (2) a supportive IRA that provides practice in independent living under variable amounts of oversight with staff not typically onsite nor proximately available at all times.
- *Community Residences (CR)* - Provide semi-independent living. There are 2 types of CRs:
 - (1) Supervised; provide housing with staffing available 24hrs.
 - (2) Supportive; which are limited to 3 people, with staff support varying according to individual need.
- *Intermediate Care Facilities (IFC)* - Provide a residential treatment option in the community for persons with specified medical and/or behavioral needs. ICFs provide 24 hour on-site assistance and training, intensive clinical and direct care services, professionally developed and supervised activities, and a variety of therapies. ICFs are designed for individuals whose disability severely limits their ability to be independent.
- *Family Care* - Is a licensed residential program which provides a family living experience through a structured and stable home environment, including the support, guidance and companionship found within a family unit. Family Care providers are home owners who receive a monthly stipend to provide services within their homes.
- *Non-Certified Housing Options* - *Include* services that assist persons with developmental disabilities to locate, lease or buy, and access residential arrangements which are alternatives to traditional congregate living situations. Among these types of living arrangements are shared or matched home sharing, independent living, HUD rental subsidies and low income home ownership programs.

How do I go about choosing a Residential Service Provider? Request a copy of the “Guide for Choosing a Residential Service Provider” from your Service Coordinator, visit the OMRDD Website, or contact your Regional Office of Parent to Parent of NYS. See Appendix for locations & phone numbers.

Family Support Services

What are Family Support Services?

The Family Support Services Program helps families who are caring for a relative with a developmental disability at home by aiding the caregivers and thereby, enhancing family stability and preserving family unity.

Family Support Services can be defined as a family-directed, statewide system of comprehensive family support services, designed and developed to enhance a family's ability to provide in-home care to their family members with a developmental disability.

What are the goals of Family Support Services?

- To provide a quality of life comparable, to the extent practicable, to that of similarly situated families without a family member having a developmental disability.
- To maintain family unity.
- To prevent premature or inappropriate out-of-home placement.
- To reunite families.
- To enhance parenting skills.
- To maximize the potential of the family member with a developmental disability.

What services are offered through Family Support Services?

- **Family Reimbursement:** Family reimbursement provides the possibility of purchasing services and goods that are not funded through any other sources as long as prior approval has been obtained and the goods and services have been deemed appropriate to meet the needs of the person being served. i.e. Respite (short-term caregiver relief)
- **Recreation:** Recreation is a planned program of social, recreational and leisure activities for people with developmental disabilities that include opportunities to interact with and participate as part of a community, such as such as day, evening, weekend, summer camp, recreation programs
- **Counseling, Training and Supports:** Counseling, training and educational activities and supports may be available for parents, siblings and caregivers, as well as for individuals with developmental disabilities through the local DDSO and/or other locally based programs. These services may be helpful for individuals and families who are looking to gain insight, resolve problems, develop alternate approaches to services and to address other issues of concern.
- **Advocacy:** Advocacy may include information and referral services, outreach, parent networking and service assistance for individuals and their families. It is possible to make connections with diagnostic, residential, habilitative, educational, vocational, medical and recreational services, and to other programs such as Medicaid and SSI.

- **PARENT TIP:** *Parent to Parent of NYS offers a program for parents and caregivers to speak to other parents about their child's disability or other topics that a parent so chooses (i.e. school district, neighborhood resources, etc.)*

Family Support Services Consumer Council

What is a Family Support Services Consumer Council?

Persons with developmental disabilities and their families can best determine the services they need and how these services should be provided. OMRDD stresses family and consumer empowerment, choice and flexibility in its Family Support Services Program. As a result, Consumer Councils were developed in every DDSO. The Guidelines for the Consumer Councils were developed by members of the local DDSO Consumer Councils.

What is the purpose of the Family Support Services Consumer Council?

The purpose is to recognize and use the knowledge and experience of families of persons with developmental disabilities, and consumers themselves, in developing New York State's family support policies, services and supports. The Consumer Council actively participates in the development of a DDSO family support plan for the region and monitors the supports provided pursuant to the plan. The Consumer Council represents the interests of families and consumers in all priority, planning and funding decisions that focus on supporting families and consumers. The Consumer Council works in partnership with the local DDSO.

Can I become involved in my local Family Support Services Consumer Council?

Membership is open to consumers or family members who have a relative with a developmental disability living at home or is deceased. The Family Support Services Coordinator in your area can give you information on how you can participate in your local Family Support Council. If you know someone on the Council, ask them about joining. If you are not sure if you want to join, you could request to be on their mailing list to receive Minutes of the Meeting to help you decide. Each Council has established by-laws to work by.

- **PARENT TIP:** *Being involved in your local FSS Regional Consumer Council is showing leadership in your community. Parent to Parent of NYS encourages families to offer to be part of their local Family Support Services Consumer Council. It is an excellent way to meet other people and to give back to the service system that is a help to you and your family member. Contact your local DDSO and ask to speak to the Family Support Services Coordinator to learn more about your local Council.*

APPENDIX

*Guide to
Understanding
Supports and Services
Administered By
NYS Office of
Mental Retardation and
Developmental Disabilities*

RESOURCE LIST

For people who do not have access to the Internet, contact your local office of Parent to Parent of NYS. Copies of requested materials will be mailed to you.

Resources downloadable from the website of Parent to Parent of NYS

www.parenttoparentnys.org

Understanding Medicaid Service Coordination

<http://www.parenttoparentnys.org/Services/MSO/mscbooklet.htm>

CSS: Self Determination in NYS

<http://www.parenttoparentnys.org/Library/Links&Resources/nysresources.html>

Understanding Family Support Services

http://www.parenttoparentnys.org/Library/Miscellaneous/familysupportservices_understanding.htm

Health Care Recordkeeping Notebook

<http://www.parenttoparentnys.org/Family2Family/Record%20Keeping/recordkeeping.htm>

HCBS Waivers in NYS

<http://www.parenttoparentnys.org/Family2Family/Fact%20Sheets/hcbswaiver.htm>

Financial Aid Fact Sheet

<http://www.parenttoparentnys.org/Family2Family/Fact%20Sheets/financialaid.html>

Recordkeeping Tips

<http://www.parenttoparentnys.org/Family2Family/Tips%20Sheets/recordkeepingtips.html>

Regional News and Events Announcements

Regional <http://www.parenttoparentnys.org/Forms/joinregionallist.html>

News & Events List -- This list is for residents of New York State who would like to receive occasional electronic announcements from their local Parent to Parent office. Announcements contain news and events of interest to families of individuals with special needs in your area.

Families of Children who are Medically Fragile

<http://www.parenttoparentnys.org/Forms/joinmedfragilegroup.htm>

The purpose of this group is to disseminate and share information regarding children who have complex medical needs, are considered medically fragile and require skilled nursing care. This e-group is a place where parents can connect and support each other by posting questions, sharing resources, comments and stories. It is interactive, and parents are able to receive feedback from other parents across New York State.

Information available on the website of NYS OMRDD:

Acronym List

http://www.omr.state.ny.us/journal/hp_acronym.jsp

Health Care Choices Booklet

http://www.omr.state.ny.us/hp_healthcare.jsp

Catalogue of Training and Development Programs available to parents, professionals and people with disabilities

<http://www.omr.state.ny.us/wp/index.jsp>

Task Force on Special Dentistry

http://www.omr.state.ny.us/hp_dentistry_index.jsp

Comprehensive listing of OMRDD programs and definitions

http://www.omh.state.ny.us/omhweb/cbr/HTML/31_06_appendixg.htm

Other:

Medicaid

http://www.health.state.ny.us/health_care/medicaid/

NYS Commission on Quality of Care and Advocacy for Persons with Disabilities

<http://www.cqcapd.state.ny.us/>

Self Advocacy Association of NYS – The Self-Advocacy Association of New York State, Inc. (SANYS) is a not-for profit, grassroots organization run by and for people with developmental disabilities. Their goal is to help create a person-centered and person-directed system of supports.

www.sanys.org

Parent to Parent of New York State

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of Parent to Parent of New York State is to connect and support families of individuals with special needs.

This mission is accomplished by:

- Matching parents of children with disabilities and children with special health care needs with volunteer support parents for emotional support.
- Recruiting and training support parent volunteers.
- Providing educational resources, on a variety of disability related issues, to professionals, parent groups, organizations and the larger community.
- Providing information and referrals to parents or guardians of persons with disabilities from birth to adulthood on community and statewide resources, i.e., educational advocacy, person centered planning, Medicaid Service Coordination.

VISION STATEMENT

As a statewide network of parents who provide emotional support to families of individuals with special needs, we believe in the power of parents and family members helping each other. We believe that this connection among parents and family members reduces isolation, increases acceptance, and fosters the pursuit of dreams through the sharing of experience and information.

VALUES STATEMENT

- The world is a welcome, safe place for all.
- Family members are supported and encouraged to maintain their individual identities and lives, and to pursue their dreams.
- Families, service providers, schools and the medical community provide a collaborative foundation of positive support and encouragement.
- Families have the supports available to participate in community activities and are welcomed.
- Natural supports are a component of everyday life.
- Adequate funding for supports, education, therapies, services and medical care allows family members to lead fulfilling lives.
- Parents are a tremendous resource for other parents and families.

Parent to Parent of NYS Office Locations

1. Business Office, Sunmount DDSO, P.O. Box 1296, Tupper Lake, NY 12986
1-518-359-3006, Fax 1-518-359-2151 1-866-727-6970
Executive Director—Janice Fitzgerald

2. Buffalo Region, West Seneca DDSO, 1200 East & West Rd., Bldg. 16, Rm. 1-131, West Seneca, NY 14224
1-716-517-3448, Fax 1-716-517-2385 1-800-305-8813

3. Capital District, OD Heck DSO, 500 Balltown Road, Schenectady, NY 12304
1-518-381-4350, 381-4370 , Fax 1-518-393-9607 1-800-305-8817

4. Finger Lakes, c/o The Advocacy Center, 590 South Ave., Rochester, NY 14620
1-585-546-1700, ext 242, Fax 1-585-223-2481 1-800-650-4967

5. Long Island, Long Island DDSO, 415 A Oser Ave., Hauppauge, NY 11788
1-631-434-6196, Fax 1-631-434-6151 1-800-559-1729

6. New York City, 75 Morton St., New York, NY 10014
1-212-741-5545, Fax 1-212-229-3146 1-800-405-8818

7. Seaway Valley Region, P.O. Box 753, Canton, NY 13617
1-315-379-1538, Fax 1-315-379-1538 1-800-603-6778

8. Adirondack Office, 22 US Oval, Suite 116, Plattsburgh, NY 12903
1-518-324-5732, Fax 518-324-5732 1-866-790-2555

9. Watkins Glen, P.O. Box 205, 210-12th St. #210, Watkins Glen, NY 14891
1-607-535-2802, fax is the same 1-800-971-1588

10. Hudson Valley, The Family Connection, WIHD, Cedarwood Hall Room 333, Valhalla, NY 10595
1-914-493-2635, Fax 1-914-493-8066 1-800-305-8816

11. Taconic DDSO, 26 Center Circle, Bldg #58, Wassaic, NY 12592
1-845-877-6821 ext 3927, Fax 1-845-877-1258

12. North Central NY Region, Exceptional Family Resources, 1065 James St., Syracuse, NY 13203
1-315-478-1462, Fax 1-315-478-1467 1-800-305-8815

13. South Central NY Region, The Family Resource Network, 46 Oneida St., Oneonta, NY 13820
1-607-432-0001, Fax 1-607-432-5516 1-800-305-8814

14. Staten Island, c/o IBR, 1050 Forest Hill Road, Room 208, Staten Island, NY 10314
1-718-494-3469 Fax 1-718-494-0319 1-800-866-1068

NYS OMRDD

The Mission Statement

We help people with developmental disabilities live richer lives.

The Vision Statement

People with developmental disabilities enjoy meaningful relationships with friends, family and others in their lives, experience personal health and growth and live in the home of their choice and fully participate in their communities.

Values

Describe how we as employees of OMRDD interact with the individuals we serve, families, staff, the community and each other:

Compassion - The capacity to appreciate what others think and feel.

Dignity - The recognition of the worth of each person and the treatment of individual rights and preferences with respect, honor and fairness.

Diversity - The celebration, respect and embracing of the differences among us because these differences strengthen and define us.

Excellence - The continual emphasis on innovation, increasing knowledge, and delivering the highest quality supports and services.

Honesty - The foundation on which trust is built and truth is communicated.

Guiding Principles that frame how OMRDD conducts its business:

Put the person first - People with developmental disabilities are at the heart of everything we do, and this person-first ethic is embodied in the way we express ourselves, and in the way we conduct our business.

Maximize opportunities - OMRDD's vision of productive and fulfilling lives for people with developmental disabilities is achieved by creating opportunities and supporting people in ways that allow for as many as possible to access the supports and services they want and need.

Promote and reward excellence - Quality and excellence are highly valued aspects of our services. Competency is a baseline. We find ways to encourage quality, and create

ways to recognize and incentivize excellence to improve outcomes throughout our system.

Provide equity of access - Access to supports and services is fair and equitable; a range of options is available in local communities to ensure this access, regardless of where in NYS one resides.

Nurture partnerships and collaborations - Meaningful participation by people with developmental disabilities strengthens us. OMRDD staff and stakeholders create mechanisms to foster this participation. The diverse needs of people with developmental disabilities are best met in collaboration with the many local and statewide entities who are partners in planning for and meeting these needs, such as people who have developmental disabilities, families, not for profit providers, communities, local government and social, health and educational systems.

Require accountability and responsibility - There is a shared accountability and responsibility among and by all stakeholders, including individuals with disabilities, their families, and the public and private sector. OMRDD and all its staff and providers are held to a high degree of accountability in how they carry out their responsibilities. We strive to earn and keep the individual trust of people with developmental disabilities and their families, as well as the public trust. Creating a system of supports that honors the individual's right to be responsible for their own life and accountable for their own decisions is of paramount importance.

Developmental Disabilities Service Offices Directory

Bernard M. Fineson DDSO Phone (718) 217-4242
Counties served: Fax (718) 217-4724
Queens

Brooklyn DDSO Phone (718) 642-6000
Counties served: Fax (718) 642-6282
Kings

Broome DDSO Phone (607) 770-0211
Counties served: Fax (607) 770-8037
Broome, Chenango, Delaware, Otsego, Tioga, & Tompkins

Capital District DDSO Phone (518) 370-7370
Counties served: Fax (518) 370-7401
Albany, Fulton, Montgomery, Rensselaer, Saratoga, Schenectady, Schoharie, Warren & Washington

Central New York DDSO Phone (315) 336-2300
Counties served: Fax: (315) 339-5456
Cayuga, Cortland, Herkimer, Lewis, Madison, Onondaga, Oneida & Oswego

Finger Lakes DDSO Phone (585) 461-8500
Counties served: Fax (585) 461-0618
Chemung, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Schuyler, Seneca, Steuben, Wayne, Wyoming & Yates

Hudson Valley DDSO Phone (845) 947-6000
Counties served: Fax (845) 947-6004
Westchester, Orange, Rockland & Sullivan

Long Island DDSO Phone (631) 493-1700
Counties served: Fax (631) 493-1803
Nassau & Suffolk

Metro NY DDSO Phone (212) 229-3000
Counties served: Fax (212) 924-0580
Bronx & Manhattan

Staten Island DDSO Phone (718) 983-5200
Counties served: Fax (718) 983-9768
Richmond

Sunmount DDSO Phone (518) 359-3311
Counties served: Fax (518) 359-2276
Clinton, Essex, Franklin, Hamilton, Jefferson & St. Lawrence

Taconic DDSO Phone (845) 877-6821
Counties served: Fax (845) 877-9177
Columbia, Dutchess, Greene, Putnam & Ulster

Western NY DDSO Phone (716) 674-6300
Counties served: Fax (716) 674-7488
Allegany, Cattaraugus, Chautauqua, Erie, Genesee, Niagara & Orleans

